# **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

HMIS: Health - 1 Fire - 0 Reactivity - 0

EPOXI-TECH, INC. 32700 Industrial Dr.

Revision Date: 12/15/98

Medison Heights, Mi 48071

In case of an emergency, call; 246-585-7500

# I. IDENTIFICATION & PHYSICAL DATA

Product name: Epoxy Shield Besument Floor

Surface Kit: Part 'A'

Product Class: Epoxy resin dispersion

Menufacturer's ID: 24001

VOC: 173 p/L

Evaporation Rate: slower than butyl acutate

Appearance and Odor: white liquid

Percent volatile by weight: 60%

**Bolling Range: >210 °F** Vapor Density (air=1): >1 Weight Per Gellon: 8.9 lbe/gul Vapor Pressure at 20 C\*: <20 mmHz

Solubility in Water: dispersion

## II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

ingredient	CAS#	WT %	OSHA TWA ppm	OSHA STEL ppm	ACCIPH STEL ppm
modified biophenol-A/ECH based openy resin	•	40-55	NE	NE	WE
2-proposy ethanol	2507-30-9	<10	NE	NE	NE
water	7732-18-5	30-45	WE	₩E	NE

# III. FIRE & EXPLOSION DATA

Finalipolist: >200 °F (>93°C) Satisfiesh

LEL: N/AV

Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, "sloohof" foam, dry chemical or CO2.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Mutarial will not burn unless preheated. Do not enter confined fire space without full burnier gear (helmet with face shield, burnier costs, gloves and rubber boots). Including a positive pressure NiOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Cool fire exposed containers with water.

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards: Containers exposed to intense heat from thes should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure buildup which could result in container rupture. Container areas exposed to direct flame contact should be cooled with large quantities of water as needed to prevent weakening of container structure.

# IV. REACTIVITY DATA

sbiffly: Stable

Hasandous Polymertantion: Will not occur

Conditions and materials to Avoid: Avoid heat, flame and contact with strong oddizing agents. Can react vigorously with strong Lewis or mineral solds and strong mineral and organic bases, especially primary and secondary alighable amines. Reaction with some curing agents may produce considerable heat

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Furnes produced when heated to decomposition may include carbon monourde, cartion dioxide, aldehydes, acids and other prounic compounds.

### V. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

#### Effects of Overexposure:

Bye Contact: May be severely initiating to the eyes. May cause comesi damage

Sider Contest: Product may be irritating to the skin. Prolonged or repeated liquid contect can result in defetting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis. Product is presumed to be toxic and is harmful if absorbed through the skin. May produce damage to red blood cells. Product may cause skin

sansitization.

Inhaliation: May cause initiation to the nose, throat, and respiratory tract. High vapor concentrations may produce initiation: May cause initiation to the nose, throat, and respiratory tract. may be use interest to the room, these, the separatory tract. High vapor concentrations may produce cartral nervous system (CNS) depression. May be harmful if inhaled. May produce demage to red blood cells, tragestion: Product may be moderately tooks and may be harmful if swallowed. May produce CNS depression and demage to red blood cells.

Aggravated Bedicar Conditions: Presiding eye, skin, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product. Presiding skin or lung ellergies may increase the chance of developing increased ellergy symptoms from exposure to this product.

#### **Emergency & First Aid Procedures:**

Byte Centest: Flush with planty of water for at least 15 minutes while holding systids open. Get medical attention. Side Centest: Remove conteminated clothing/shoes and virps excess from skin. Flush skin with water. Follow by weating with soep and water. It initiation occurs. Get medical attention. Do not reuse clothing until cleaned Conteminated leather articles, including shoes, cennot be deconterminated and should be destroyed to prevent.

initialisations: In case of exposure to a high concentration of vepor or mist, remove person to fresh sir. If breathing has stopped, administer artificial respiration and seds medical attention

on: Do not induce vorniting. If vorniting occurs apontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Get medical attention

Note to Physiolast: If more than 2.0ml per Kg has been ingested and vomiting has not occurred, emeets should be induced with supervision. Keep writing these down hips to prevent expression. It symptoms such as loss of gag reflex, consulations or unconsciousness occur before emess, gestric levege using a cuffed endotrachest tube should be considered.

#### VI. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Stage to the Takes in the Event of a tipit: Dite spit. Sook up material with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material. Dispose of property: Flush area with water to remove residue. Prevent washing from entering schemeys. Spile or releases to the environment may be reportable to the National Response center (800-4-8032) and to state enation local agencies.

Weate Disposel Method: Incinerate or use biological treatment in accordance with federal, state, and local

regulations.

#### VIL SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

Respiratory Protection: Avoid breathing vapor or mists. Use a NIOSH-approved respirator as required to prevent overexposure. In accord with 29 CFR 1920 134, use either an elmosphere-supplying respirator or an air-putifying

repristor for organic vapors.

Idiations: Local enhant recentmended when appropriate to control employee exposure. Mechanical is not recommended as the sole means of controlling employee exposure.

Protective Gloves: For operations where contact can occur, wear impervious gloves (Neoprene) the Protection: Chemical splash goggles

24001 Pege 2 of 4 Other Protective Equipment: For operations where contact can occur coveraits, apron and rubber foot covering are recommended. A safety shower and eye wash facility should be available.

#### VIII. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

Store in a cool, dry place with adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames and high temperatures.

WARMING Potential skin severilizer May cause severe eye initiation. Minimize bodity contact with material Wesh with soop and water before saling. Dirinking, smoking, applying cosmotizes or using tolet facilities. Laundering contaminated clothing before rause. Aft. dry contaminated citothing is a west verifished area before saundering.

Contaminated leather articles including shoes cannot be decontaminated and should be destroyed to prevent reuse

#### IX. STATE REGULATORY INFORMATION

This information is provided in conjunction with the ingredient information in Section II to meet various regulatory composition requirements.

Component none known

CARE

amount

CA = CALIFORNIA HAZ. SUBST. LIST, CASSC. CASSR, CASSCIR - CALIFORNIA SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXICES ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1985 OR PROPOSITION 65 LIST: CT = CONNECTICUT TOXIC, SUBST. LIST: FL = FLORIDA SUBST. LIST: IL = ILLINOIS TOX. SUBST. LIST: LA = LOUISIANA HAZ. SUBGST. LIST. MA = MASSACHUSETTS SUBST. LIST: ME = MAINE HAZ. LIST: MN = MINNESOTA HAZ. SUBST LIST: NJ = NEW JERSEY HAZ. SUBST LIST: PA = PENNSYLVANIA HAZ. SUBST LIST: RI = RHODE ISLAND HAZ. SUBST, LIST

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 FOOTNOTE: CASSC = THE CHEMICAL IDENTIFIED WITH THIS CODE IS KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER. CASSR = THE CHEMICAL IDENTIFIED WITH THIS CODE IS KNOWNTO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS OR OTHER REPRODUCTIVE HARM. CAMBOR # THE CHEMICAL IDENTIFIED WITH THIS CODE IS KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE BOTH CANCER AND BIRTH DEFECTS OR OTHER REPRODUCTIVE HARM

### X. SARA TITLE III INFORMATION

This product contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning ad Community Right-to-know Act of 1886 and of 40 CFR 372. This information must be included in all MSDS's that are copied and distributed for this material

Component	CABI	<b>500 313</b>		311/312 estagory
2-proposy ethanol	2807-30-9	(*1) yes	(*2) glycol ether	(-3)

The specific chemical identity and proportion of this component is being held as trade secret information.

#### XI. RCRA INFORMATION

<sup>&</sup>quot;I toxic chemical, sec 313.

<sup>&</sup>quot;2 category as required by sec 313 (40 CFR 372.05 C)

<sup>\*\*</sup>BARA Section 311 and 312 hazard classification(s) for this product are listed below H-1 = Immediate (acute) health hazard +12 = Delayed (chronic) health hazard P-3 = Fire hazard P-4 = Sudden release of pressure hazard. P-5 = Reactive hazard

Since this product is not sold as a weate, we have not tested it as a weste. Based on our knowledge of the product, its raw majerate and processes employed during its manufacture, we believe it is untitlely that this product is a flezardous weste for Federal RCPA purposes. We recommend that you carry out your own tests and evaluations prior to discording any majerates.

### XII. CERCLA INFORMATION

Under EPA-CERCLA releases to air, land or water which exceed the reportable quentity must be reported to the National Response Center (800-424-8802). Keep out of surface waters, severs, and waterveys entening or leading to surface waters. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or environment occurs or is filluly to occur.

#### XILTRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CLASSIFICATION: Not inszerdous by D.O.T. requisitions

D.O.T. PROPER NAME: Not regulated

OTHER REQUIREMENTS: None

### XIV. SPECIAL NOTES

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained berein is accurate. However, no liability whatspever is essumed for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained berein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown health hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that they are the only hazards that exist.

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